

The Sydney Morning Herald.

"IN MODERATION PLACING ALL MY GLORY, WHILE TORIES CALL ME WHIG—AND WHIGS A TORY."

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Sydney, Fifteen Shillings per Quarter, Single Number, Sixpence. Country, Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence per Quarter. Ten per cent. discount or payment in advance, and 1 per cent. added if accounts are allowed to run over six months.

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The "SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" is Published every Morning (Sundays excepted); and the Quarters end the 31st March, 30th September, and 31st December; at which periods only one Subscribers decline by giving Notice, and paying the amount due to the end of the Current Quarter. Advertisements must specify on the face of them the number of times they are intended to be inserted, or they will be continued till countermanded, and charged to the party.

No Advertisements can be withdrawn after Eleven o'clock, a.m., but new ones will be received until Nine o'clock in the Evening. No verbal communications can be attended to, and all letters must be post-paid, or they will not be taken in.

FOR FORT MACQUARIE.

THE STEAM PACKET
MAITLAND,
W. Parsons, master, will
leave the Commercial
Wharf This Day, Wednesday, the 18th instant,
at 6 o'clock p.m. 2983

FOR BOYD TOWN, TWOFOLD BAY,
AND BROULEE.

THE well known fast-sailing
cutty, **ELIZABETH**,
Abraham Carter, master, will
sail for the above ports on Saturday, the 21st
instant. For freight or passage (having ex-
cellent accommodation) apply at the
Union Wharf; or to **SHEDDAP AND ALGER**.

FOR MELBOURNE,
ON THE 20TH INSTANT.

THE fine fast-sailing
schooner **PHEBE**,
Captain Bennett, is now ready
to take in cargo, and being a chartered vessel
will sail forthwith. For freight or passage, apply to Captain
Morrison, at Campbell's Wharf; or to **ROBERT HOW AND CO.**

2100 Lower George-street.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE fine first-class
barque **PERSEVERANCE**,

burthen 237 tons, R. B. Corkill,
Commander, will have quick despatch.

For freight or passage apply on board,
Dalgarno's Wharf; or to **JOHN ROSTRON**,

Bank Court, King-street.

February 16. 2975

FIRST VESSEL FOR MELBOURNE.

THE packet schooner
WAVE,
Captain Birkenshaw, will
clear this day, (Wednesday).

For freight or passage apply on board,
Circular Wharf; or to **SHEDDAP AND ALGER**,

Packet Office, 2991 468, George-street.

FOR LAUNCESTON DIRECT.

THE brig **WILLIAM**,
will sail in a few days for
the above port. For freight or
passage, apply on board to **JOHN THOM.**

Floof Company's Wharf.

February 16. 2883

FOR ADELAIDE DIRECT.

THE clipper packet-
brig **DORSET**,

D. Walsh, master, will
privately sail on the above date.

For freight or passage, having first-rate
accommodation, apply to the Captain, on
board, to **J. T. ARMITAGE AND CO.**

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE FINE A 1
B R I G.,
SARAH LOUISA,

of 215 tons, Robert Oldham,
Commander. Ready for sea at the shortest
notice. Apply to **GRIFFITHS, FANNING, & CO.**

2953 Spring-street.

FOR VALPARAISO.

THE fine fast-sailing
barque **SARAH**,

117 tons, James Davys, Master,
will sail for the above ports on the 18th instant.

For passage only, apply to the Captain, on
board; or to **R. M. ROBEY**,

247, George-street.

Sydney, February 19. 2544

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS PER "ST.
GEORGE".

THE ST. GEORGE
will proceed to sea on
Saturday morning, the 21st
instant. Passengers are re-
quested to pay the balance of passage money
on Friday, Wednesday, 18th, and on
board on Friday night. 2654

FIRST OF MARCH P.O. PACKET.

THE Ship **EVERETTA**,
being under engagement
to carry H.M. Mails, will
sail for London on the 1st of
March.

For freight of wool, or for cabin passage,
apply to Captain Davy, on board; or to **WILLIAM C. BOOTS**.

FIRST OF APRIL POST OFFICE
PACKET.

THE well-known fast-
sailing 1/4th barque
KINNEAR,

370 tons, W. Veale, commander
being under engagement to carry Her
Majesty's Mails, will sail the day ap-
pointed.

For freight of wool, or passage, having
superior accommodation for cabin, inter-
mediate, and steerage, apply to Captain
Veale, on board, at Towns' Wharf; or to
F. EBSWORTH,

Realty Cottage; or to
R. TOWNS,
Miller's Point.

2303

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE fine fast-sailing ship
PERSIAN,

A 1, 600 tons, Charles Mafford,
R.N., commander, having the
whole of her dead weight on board, and
two-thirds of her wool engaged, will meet
with immediate despatch. For freight or passage,
having superior accommodation for cabin, and
steerage, apply to the captain, on board; or to
J. B. METCALFE,

or to **COOPER AND HOLT**.

2781 FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE fine fast-sailing A 1
ship **SULTANA**,

Langford, master. This vessel
is a desirable opportunity for shippers of
freight and passengers, having completed the
passage out and home in nine months. Ap-
ply to the master, on board, or to
CAMPBELL AND CO.

2778 February 16.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE fine fast-sailing A 1
ship **PHOENIX**,

W. B. Campbell, master
having completed the passage out and home in nine months. Ap-
ply to the master, on board, or to
CAMPBELL AND CO.

1896 February 16.

NOTICE.

The "Letter from the Stockholders of
New South Wales, to the Right Honorable
Lord Stanley, Secretary of State for the Colonies,
on the proposed Waste Lands in Australia Bill,"
is now available at Mr. Lyons' and Mr.
Mort's Auction Rooms, George-street. 1868

FLOODED GUM
PURCHASED IN ANY QUANTITIES

by **J. T. ARMITAGE AND CO.**

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE S. H. J. P.
GENERAL HEWITT,

961 tons, o.m. John Hart,
commander, will sail the
early part of April.

For freight or passage apply to the com-
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FOR LONDON.

THE S.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

DEPARTURES.

February 17.—*South Carolina*, American whaler, 206 tons, Captain Gardner, for the whale fishery.

February 17.—*Proteus*, barque, 254 tons, Captain Elliott, for the South Sea Fishery.

CLEARANCE.

February 16.—*Golden Spring*, barque, 316 tons, Captain Pool, for Otago, New Zealand; 2 trunks shoes, 1 case slops, 4 case hats, 72 grindstones, 62 boxes raisins, and 6 cases macaroni.

EXPORTS.

February 16.—*Golden Spring*, barque, 316 tons, Captain Pool, for Otago, New Zealand; 2 trunks shoes, 1 case slops, 4 case hats, 72 grindstones, 62 boxes raisins, and 6 cases macaroni.

COASTERS INWARD.

February 18.—*Somerset*, 9, Lowry, from Brisbane Water, with 10 tons coal, *Endeavour*, 21, McDermott, from Newcastle, with 29 tons coal; *Kangaroo*, 10, Mr. Sullivan, from Wollongong, with 80 bushels potatoes, 4 crates parrots, 20 pigs, 30 bushels butter; *Lucy Anne*, 35, Purnell, from the Bellinger River, with 17,000 feet cedar; *Prince George*, 60, Mr. Pherson, from Wollongong, with 600 bushels wheat, 200 bushels corn, 5 tons potatoes, 1 ton butter, 30,000 feet cedar.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

February 18.—*Somerset*, 9, Lowry, from Brisbane Water, with 10 tons coal, *Endeavour*, 21, McDermott, from Newcastle, with 29 tons coal; *Kangaroo*, 10, Mr. Sullivan, from Wollongong, with 80 bushels potatoes, 4 crates parrots, 20 pigs, 30 bushels butter; *Lucy Anne*, 35, Purnell, from the Bellinger River, with 17,000 feet cedar; *Prince George*, 60, Mr. Pherson, from Wollongong, with 600 bushels wheat, 200 bushels corn, 5 tons potatoes, 1 ton butter, 30,000 feet cedar.

ADELAIDE.

ARRIVALS.—February 2. The American whaler *Admiral*, 340 tons, Master, master, of New Bedford, from the South Sea.

At Port Lincoln, for supplies, on the 2nd January.—The American whaling ship *Electra*, M. Ward, master, of and from New London; out eight months, having on board 673 barrels black oil, 152 barrels sperm oil, and 6000 lbs whalebone.

The *Dorset* has hauled alongside the *Perseverance* for the purpose of discharging copper.

The *Apple* has hauled to Town's Wharf; the *Sabine* to Campbell's; and the *Queen* to Buchanan and Company's.

The *Phantom* arrived at Newcastle on Sunday morning last, and having purchased the majority of her horses, she will commence loading on Friday, and sail about Tuesday next.

The *Shaw* was advertised to leave Melbourne for Launceston on the 10th, returning back to Melbourne, and leaving there for Sydney on the 15th instant. The *Shaw* was advertised to leave on the 17th for Sydney via Port Albert.

DIARY.

MEMORANDUM FOR THIS DAY.

	SUN.	MON. WATER
February.		
18 WEDNESDAY	5 23 6 32 1 42 2 6	

Moon: last quarter, 45 min. past 2 p.m. Feb. 19

THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1846

"Sword to no master, of no need am I."

RECENT ENGLISH NEWS.

Beyond the germ of the adverse influence, of which we spoke in our last paper on the subject, was sown, England had been receiving and storing up vast quantities of bullion. Even yet the accumulation has not perceptibly begun to slacken. She will, therefore, be the more able to spare for exportation what may at the outset be necessary for paying the demands of her external corn-growers. If she has not already glutted the foreign markets, this money, so disbursed for corn, will enable the foreign farmer to buy more of her manufactures; and unless the corn is grown by Polish and Russian serfs, and not by her own colonies or her other descendants in blood and manners, as might (miserably blind old woman!) be the case, all this money will, in a year or two, flow back to her again through her numerous commercial channels. But for her corn laws and her colonial mismanagement this ebb and flow would be less violent and more salutary. The exportation of gold on occasion of coeval scarcity, is therefore, (considered on a great scale) both natural and advantageous, or at least compensatory. The chief evil attendant on it, or rather on the failure of crops by which it is caused, is the danger of starvation, disease, and discontent, to which the bulk of the community, the lives from hand to mouth, the dependents on manufacturing prosperity, are exposed. Should a depression occur in the industry of the country, coincident with, or consequent upon, a dearth of provisions.

The appropriation of forty millions or so as deposits of railway capital into the hands of the ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL was adverted to by us as another unfortunate operation. To lock up so much good money that might otherwise be fruitfully invested in people's pockets, seems quite appalling. It looks like a frightful spasmodic contraction of the currency. But it is more apparent than real—it may fairly be presumed that a large portion of the cash was previously lying unused, seeking investment—and (if not) that, though carried in the books of the Bank of England to a new account, it will not be wholly removed from the purposes of deposit.

Those persons who have speculated in shares without any means, will be no worse off than before. Those who have applied their united means to the purchase of shares in railways likely to thrive, must hold on and economise. Those who have diverted their means (that is the old common temptation) from their legitimate business must sell, and suffer a partial loss. Such will be the amount of the direct evils arising from this operation of depositing—not trivial ones certainly, but still not fatal, nor seriously endangering the commonwealth.

But what may be a light cloud, from being spread over the whole of British society, becoming thin and vaporous by dispersion, may, if it gather in the result en masse over the recently cheering prospects of so small a colony as this, become indeed a serious damper. And we must really calculate on this result.

So far at least as regards the home consumption of wool and woollers, it is to be expected that the quantity will decline. In the large cities there be a million or two of persons who wear fabrics of fine wool in daily use, and in other places a few millions who do so on highdays and holidays, any general resolution to restrict themselves, will it only to the extent of a few ounces of the raw material each per an-

num, would cause a depression. If the restriction should only wear the shape of a substitution of coarser for finer textures, (for it is not necessary that we should suppose the parsimony to be so extreme as to make them abandon clothes altogether, or woollens altogether,) the difference will affect us nearly, acutely, and more than it will all other wool-growing countries. Are we aware of any circumstance in the foreign cloth markets by which the dreaded depression might be compensated?—any new, any increasing demand by which the surplus manufactures, the beautiful articles, (whereat the homebuyers look and sadly shake their heads) may be taken off? We are not aware of any. It is, therefore, very reasonable to fear that the price of fine wool will fall in the first instance. If it do not, we shall in due time be able to explain it by some circumstance of which we have at present no distinct knowledge. For with all the vigilance of the Press, the latent causes of things must develop themselves into phenomena before their state and condition can be observed and declared by that pernickety power.

But following the views which we have already indicated, we do not apprehend that such a decimation in price will be permanent. By no means. To be sure it may be said that the backwoodsman, the bairn, and the serf, (forgive us for classing the free adventurous and intelligent with the ignorant and slavish) will not use an increased quantity of fine woollens. To the best of these coarse coat will still be the most suitable sylvan adornment, to the worst of them the cotton slops will be served out just as before. But there are the holiday garbs of the freeborn farmer, of the seaborn skipper, the Mark-lane factor and foreign agent, all thriving, earning profits and freights and commissions, by the transit from hand to hand of grain and flour. Nay, clerks, draymen, and meters, are not to be despised as customers, although flourishing squatters may think them beneath their notice. We have known many respectable persons of these classes, who had a good choice in stocks.

It is always a matter of regret to us to be obliged to rely entirely on our own sound intelligence. The emanations of the London Press will (as soon as the importing and exporting season is over) reach us through a refracting medium—perhaps by those slow coaches the Post Office Packets, perhaps by the Red Sea and Bombay, perhaps by Chagres and the Sandwich Islands. We shall for months be left in darkness—all knowledge at one entrance quite shut out—deserted by all but the waning on crescent moons of the Adelaide, Indian, and Hobart Town papers. In these circumstances, we must keep up our hopes. We must eye with a thoughtful, patriotic, and sanguine regard the destinies of the colony. We must prepare our general reasons, and throwing aside the trivial disappointments of a temporary unshingement, and the fits of distempered imagination, draw hopeful conclusions of our fortunes for the year to come. We speak thus as much on account of our friends as of ourselves. Walking our social round we will not fail confidently to proclaim "All's well."

But though all's well, it might be better for we also might become workers in the harvest-fields for the supply of British wants, taking payment, not in hard cash, but in the wares and the redundant population of the beloved isles. We remember in our youth, how potently the argument was urged by the advocates of the Corn Laws, that a scarcity in Britain was frequently accompanied by a scarcity in the other countries of Europe. Hence it was inferred to be wise to foster the growth of corn artificially, and to the greatest extent, in England. The same meteorological causes common to all Europe, might often put the corn-growing countries into the condition of non-exporters; while others, as France, usually become importers at the same time with England. The force of this argument has since been much lessened by the rapid advance of the British colonies, from which large supplies may be drawn. It can scarcely be feared that a general failure of crops may take place both on the eastern and western side of the Atlantic. Still, such an event might occur; and, if our recollection serves us right, did occur about a dozen years ago. How much more secure would be the position of England, if, besides her neighbours on the coasts of the narrow seas, her gold reserves in circumscribed areas, and many other elegant ornaments, insure these coiffures a great vogue during the approaching season.

Many dresses are made in the style of redingotes and the spangles of the most fashionable theatres. The Algerine turban, in cloth of gold and transparent tulle, trimmed with fringe. Those redingotes are the ornaments of the season. They cover the ears, encircle the countenance, are of Brussels lace trimmed with bows and ribbon, either in satin guaze, or velvet. The flowers of the turban are of a form shifting towards the ears. As to the style of dressing the hair, these are in vogue hand in hand with the turban. These little caps are of a form shifting towards the ears. They are made in the style of the turban.

There are also tufts of *Marie Stuart*, which afford the comfort of a cap, and are made in the same style as the turban. These are also tufts of *Marie Stuart*, which afford the comfort of a cap, and are made in the same style as the turban.

These are worn at home of a form which resembles a turban, and which is ornamented with feathers or primroses with brown leaves. Feathers are also employed, not glancing like uniform and time, colour, the ribbon, not the colour of that worn outside, but the hue most favourable to the countenance. We must, however, be very careful in the choice of the Parisian bonnet, unsuited to their character.

For morning wear, the exploded Pamela bonnet requires one more, newly christened, with slight modifications; the hair can no longer be worn upright; the *Anglaise*, hanging down in full length, the contrary; it used to wear short, and the *Anglaise* more voluminous.

And this style can make it elegantly and becomingly harmonize with the form of bonnets, and the colour of the hair, which varies according to their colours. The hues the most preferred are fuchs, Argent green, fawn, wood violet, and caprice blue, which remains always the same, and which is ornamented with rich satin, or primroses with brown leaves. Feathers are also employed, not glancing like uniform and time, colour, the ribbon, not the colour of that worn outside, but the hue most favourable to the countenance. We must, however, be very careful in the choice of the Parisian bonnet, unsuited to their character.

For evening wear, the exploded Pamela bonnet is modified; the hair can no longer be worn upright; the *Anglaise*, hanging down in full length, the contrary; it used to wear short, and the *Anglaise* more voluminous.

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OFFICE and Stores to let, on moderate terms.

R. O. REILLY,
City Ironmongery Warehouse,
George-street.

2012 HOUSES IN ARGYLE-STREET.

TO LET, that very commodious House situated at the corner of Argyle and Kent streets, containing ten rooms, besides good offices in basement, private yard, and back entrance.

The above house has been occupied for several years past as a public house and lodging house, for which purposes it is very eligibly situated.

ALSO,

Two houses adjoining the above, in Argyle-street, having the same accommodation as the corner house, and particularly suitable for shops, lodging houses, &c. The whole are now in complete repair, and fit for immediate occupation.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Loan Company, 555, George-street.

1266

TO LET.

PETERSAMU HOUSE, delightfully situated, about $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Sydney, with good paddocks, where a cow and horse may be kept free of expense.

M. E. MURININ,
Reiley Con-

February 16. 2456

ALVANY LOINGE AND GROUNDS.

TO LET, from the 1st March next, the above cottage and grounds, pleasantly situated on the Surry Hills. The cottage contains four rooms and a kitchen; also, excellent collage, together with a conclusion and stable detached; the whole being surrounded with a neatly arranged kitchen and flower garden.

For terms apply any day before ten a. m. to Mr. R. M. Pitt, Pitt-street.

SKELLATAR, MUSWELLBROOK.

TO RENT, Skellatar Estate, adjoining the town of Muswellbrook, comprising 2660 acres, with a commodious cottage, a barn, woolshed, and offices complete; and a large garden, having a choice description of fruit trees. Possession can be given on the 1st March next.

GEO. FORBES.

Newlands, Parramatta, February 9. 2579

SALES BY AUCTION.

TO FAMILIES FURNISHING, THE TRADE, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

IRON STONE DINNER SERVICES

TOILET SERVICES

TEA AND BREAKFAST SERVICES

SILVER MOUNTED LIQUOR CRUET FRAMES, &c.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, near Hunter-street.

THIS DAY, 18TH FEBRUARY, 1846,
At eleven o'clock precisely,
A superior assortment of the above

Terms at sale. 2602

TO GLASS DEALERS AND OTHERS.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, near Hunter-street.

THIS DAY,

At eleven o'clock precisely,
Two households cut Princess Wines, Claret, and Liqueurs.

Terms at sale. 2603

CUTLERY AND NAILS.

TO IRONMONGERS, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, near Hunter-street.

FRIDAY NEXT, 20TH FEBRUARY, 1846,
At eleven o'clock precisely,

One case cutlery, &c.

Terms at sale. 2604

EXTENSIVE SALE OF WINES.

M. R. G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, on

FRIDAY, 20TH INSTANT,
At 12 o'clock precisely,
EX. " MIDNOON," BEARD.

2 Pipes port

EX. " MIDLOTHIAN."

4 Pipes excellent sherry

5 Hogheads ditto ditto

12 Quarter-casks ditto.

EX. " GENERAL HEWITT."

5 Quarter-casks superior pale sherry

6 Hogheads ditto ditto

6 Quarter-casks Marsala.

EX. " POSTHUMOUS."

8 Quarter-casks sherry

6 Dittos ditto Marsala

5 Quarter-casks port, (a very superior sample)

EX. " ANGELINA."

2 Cases, each three dozen, London sherry

1 Dittos, each three dozen, ditto port

1 Dittos, each three dozen, ditto sherry

12 Cases, each three dozen, pale sherry, an excellent dinner wine.

Terms.—Under £30, cash; above £30, approx.

paid bills at three months.

Terms at sale. 2605

GREY DOMESTICS.

ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON

WILL sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street.

THIS DAY, 19TH FEBRUARY,

At eleven o'clock precisely,

R. in diamond with A.

30 Pieces 24-in. grey domes, slightly damaged.

15 with M under—No. 50.

35 Pieces 24-in. grey sheeting, slightly damaged.

Terms at sale. 2606

BLACK DUCAPES, ARMOZINES, COLOURED SILKS AND SATINETS.

WITHOUT RESERVE:

MR. CHARLES NEWTON

WILL sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street.

THIS DAY,

At eleven o'clock,

One case containing a general assortment of the undermentioned goods, damaged:—

Rich black drapes

2 Dittos ditto armozines

2 Dittos ditto de Naples

2 Dittos ditto satinets

2 Dittos ditto chintz, and coloured sarcents

2 Dittos ditto Persian

2 Dittos ditto China crepe shawls.

Terms at sale. 2607

THE INSOLVENT ESTATE OF K. ELLIOTT,

BY ORDER OF THE OFFICIAL ASSESSOR,

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell

by auction, on

FRIDAY NEXT, FEBRUARY 20TH,

At 11 o'clock,

ON THE PREMISES, THE "EDINBURGH CASTLE," CORNER OF PITT AND BATHURST STREETS,

All the Stock-in-Trade and Utensils of the above insolvent, consisting of:—

Spirits, wine, &c., porter, &c.

Spirits casks and kegs

Beer engine and spile, fountains, complete

Bur furniture and fittings, measures, &c.

ALSO,

All the Household Furniture and Effects

consisting of:—

Sofas, chairs, tables, looking-glasses, pictures, bed, bedding, crockery, glass, kitchen utensils, &c., &c.

Terms, cash. 2608

DAMAGED RAISINS, STARCH, AND BLUE.

ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN,

EX. " GOLDEN SPRING," FOOL, MAN-

TER, FROM LONDON.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON

WILL sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street.

THIS DAY, 20TH FEBRUARY,

At eleven o'clock precisely,

The undermentioned goods, damaged, more or less damaged by sea to 10/- per diamond. 10/- per diamond. 10/- per diamond. 10/- per diamond.

20 Boxes Estate Raisins, much damaged.

50 Boxes, 17, 21—60, 61—60.

6 Boxes Mattress, Rake, and Co's starch, slightly damaged.

Terms—Cash. 2609

IMPORTANT AND EXTENSIVE SALE

OF CHOICE DRAPERY AND SLOPS.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON

WILL sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street.

THIS DAY, 18TH FEBRUARY,

At eleven o'clock precisely.

FOOTY NINE CASES AND BALES of the undermentioned Goods, now landing ex

England, from London:—

1 Case Berlin wool

1 black and coloured Orleans cloths

1 merino, and

1 assorted lace goods, consisting of a

Case gimp and fringes, in black and colour

White and fancy bonnet ribbons

Men's brown fawn

White cotton hones

Women's ditto ditto

Assorted silk handkerchiefs

Scarlet prints

Assorted lace goods, consisting of a

Case gimp and fringes, in black and colour

White and fancy bonnet ribbons

Men's brown fawn

White cotton hones

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